

CREATING A SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS

May 2021



TSX, NYSE AMERICAN: GAU

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements and information contained in this presentation constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable U.S. securities laws and “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws, which we refer to collectively as “forward-looking statements”. Forward-looking statements are statements and information regarding possible events, conditions or results of operations that are based upon assumptions about future conditions and courses of action. All statements and information other than statements of historical fact may be forward looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as “seek”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “budget”, “plan”, “estimate”, “continue”, “forecast”, “intend”, “believe”, “predict”, “potential”, “target”, “may”, “could”, “would”, “might”, “will” and similar words or phrases (including negative variations) suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook.

Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to: estimates regarding the value of the gold currently held at the AGM; expectations with respect to the Company’s exploration program, including the expected results therefrom and the associated impact on the AGM’s mineral reserve and resource estimates, the timelines associated therewith, additional follow-on exploration programs, the ability of the exploration program to replace depletion from mining operations and the expected cost of the exploration program; statements with respect to future sales pursuant to the Company’s at-the-market offering; statements with respect to planned mining and development operations at the AGM for 2021; expectations regarding development capital; expected gold production; and cost estimates. Such forward-looking statements are based on a number of material factors and assumptions, including, but not limited to: the ability of the AGM to continue to operate during the COVID-19 pandemic; that gold production and other activities will not be curtailed as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic; that the AGM will be able to continue to ship doré from the AGM site to be refined; that the doré produced by the AGM will continue to be able to be refined at similar rates and costs to the AGM, or at all; that the other current or potential future effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company’s business, operations and financial position, including restrictions on the movement of persons (and in particular, the AGM’s workforce), restrictions on business activities, including access to the AGM, restrictions on the transport of goods, trade restrictions, increases in the cost of necessary inputs, reductions in the availability of necessary inputs and productivity and operational constraints, will not impact its 2021 production and cost guidance; that the Company’s and the AGM’s responses to the COVID-19 pandemic will be effective in continuing its operations in the ordinary course; the accuracy of the estimates and assumptions underlying the Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimates, including future gold prices, cut-off grades and production and processing estimates; the successful completion of development and exploration projects, planned expansions or other projects within the timelines anticipated and at anticipated production levels; that mineral resources can be developed as planned; that the Company’s relationship with joint venture partners will continue to be positive and beneficial to the Company; interest and exchange rates; that required financing and permits will be obtained; general economic conditions; that labour disputes or disruptions, flooding, ground instability, geotechnical failure, fire, failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate are as anticipated and other risks of the mining industry will not be encountered; that contracted parties provide goods or services in a timely manner; that there is no material adverse change in the price of gold or other metals; competitive conditions in the mining industry; title to mineral properties; costs; taxes; the retention of the Company’s key personnel; and changes in laws, rules and regulations applicable to Galiano.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements contained herein. Some of the risks and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, include, but are not limited to: the Company’s and/or the AGM’s operations may be curtailed or halted entirely as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, whether as a result of governmental or regulatory law or pronouncement, or otherwise; that the doré produced at the AGM may not be able to be refined at expected levels, on expected terms or at all; that the Company and/or the AGM will experience increased operating costs as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic; that the AGM may not be able to source necessary inputs on commercially reasonable terms, or at all; the Company’s and the AGM’s responses to the COVID-19 pandemic may not be successful in continuing its operations in the ordinary course; mineral reserve and resource estimates may change and may prove to be inaccurate; life of mine estimates are based on a number of factors and assumptions and may prove to be incorrect; AGM has a limited operating history and is subject to risks associated with establishing new mining operations; sustained increases in costs, or decreases in the availability, of commodities consumed or otherwise used by the Company may adversely affect the Company; actual production, costs, returns and other economic and financial performance may vary from the Company’s estimates in response to a variety of factors, many of which are not within the Company’s control; adverse geotechnical and geological conditions (including geotechnical failures) may result in operating delays and lower throughput or recovery, closures or damage to mine infrastructure; the ability of the Company to treat the number of tonnes planned, recover valuable materials, remove deleterious materials and process ore, concentrate and tailings as planned is dependent on a number of factors and assumptions which may not be present or occur as expected; the Company’s operations may encounter delays in or losses of production due to equipment delays or the availability of equipment; the Company’s operations are subject to continuously evolving legislation, compliance with which may be difficult, uneconomic or require significant expenditures; the Company may be unsuccessful in attracting and retaining key personnel; labour disruptions could adversely affect the Company’s operations; the Company’s business is subject to risks associated with operating in a foreign country; risks related to the Company’s use of contractors; the hazards and risks normally encountered in the exploration, development and production of gold; the Company’s operations are subject to environmental hazards and compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations; the Company’s operations and workforce are exposed to health and safety risks; unexpected costs and delays related to, or the failure of the Company to obtain, necessary permits could impede the Company’s operations; the Company’s title to exploration, development and mining interests can be uncertain and may be contested; the Company’s properties may be subject to claims by various community stakeholders; risks related to limited access to infrastructure and water; the Company’s exploration programs may not successfully expand its current mineral reserves or replace them with new reserves; the Company’s common shares may experience price and trading volume volatility; the Company’s revenues are dependent on the market prices for gold, which have experienced significant recent fluctuations; the Company may not be able to secure additional financing when needed or on acceptable terms; Company shareholders may be subject to future dilution; risks related to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates; changes to taxation laws applicable to the Company may affect the Company’s profitability and ability to repatriate funds; the Company’s primary asset is held through a joint venture, which exposes the Company to risks inherent to joint ventures, including disagreements with joint venture partners and similar risks; risks related to the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with applicable accounting regulations and securities laws; the carrying value of the Company’s assets may change and these assets may be subject to impairment charges; the Company may be liable for uninsured or partially insured losses; the Company may be subject to litigation; the Company may be unsuccessful in identifying targets for acquisition or completing suitable corporate transactions, and any such transactions may not be beneficial to the Company or its shareholders; the Company must compete with other mining companies and individuals for mining interests; and risks related to information systems security threats.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements, you are cautioned that this list is not exhaustive and there may be other factors that the Company has not identified. Furthermore, the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements included in, or incorporated by reference in, this presentation if these beliefs, estimates and opinions or other circumstances should change, except as otherwise required by applicable law.

All numbers presented for the AGM on 100% basis, unless otherwise stated. The AGM is 50:50 Joint Venture with Gold Fields, Galiano is the operator. All dollar amounts US\$ unless otherwise stated.



GALIANO AT A GLANCE



KEY INFORMATION

Basic shares outstanding ⁽¹⁾	224.6m
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Corporate cash & receivables ⁽²⁾	\$65.0m
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Market capitalization (basic) ⁽³⁾	\$310.2m
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Share price ⁽⁴⁾	\$1.39
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- (1) Source: NASDAQ
- (2) Unaudited as of March 31, 2021
- (3) US Listing as of May 3, 2021, NASDAQ
- (4) Source: NASDAQ
- (5) The Asanko Gold Mine is owned 45% by Galiano and 45% by Gold Fields with the Government of Ghana owning a 10% Free-carried interest. The mine is managed and operated by Galiano.

SHARE PERFORMANCE IN 2021

GAU has outperformed Gold and the GDXJ to date in 2021

Solid Q1 2021 operational and financial results at the AGM:

- 59,999 oz of gold produced at \$1,158/oz AISC⁽³⁾
- \$20.5 million in free cash flow^(2,3)

Growth through exploration:

- Delineated new deposit at Miradani North at the AGM
- Initiated exploration at 100% owned Asumura project, Ghana
- Acquired exploration properties on the Senegal Mali Shear Zone

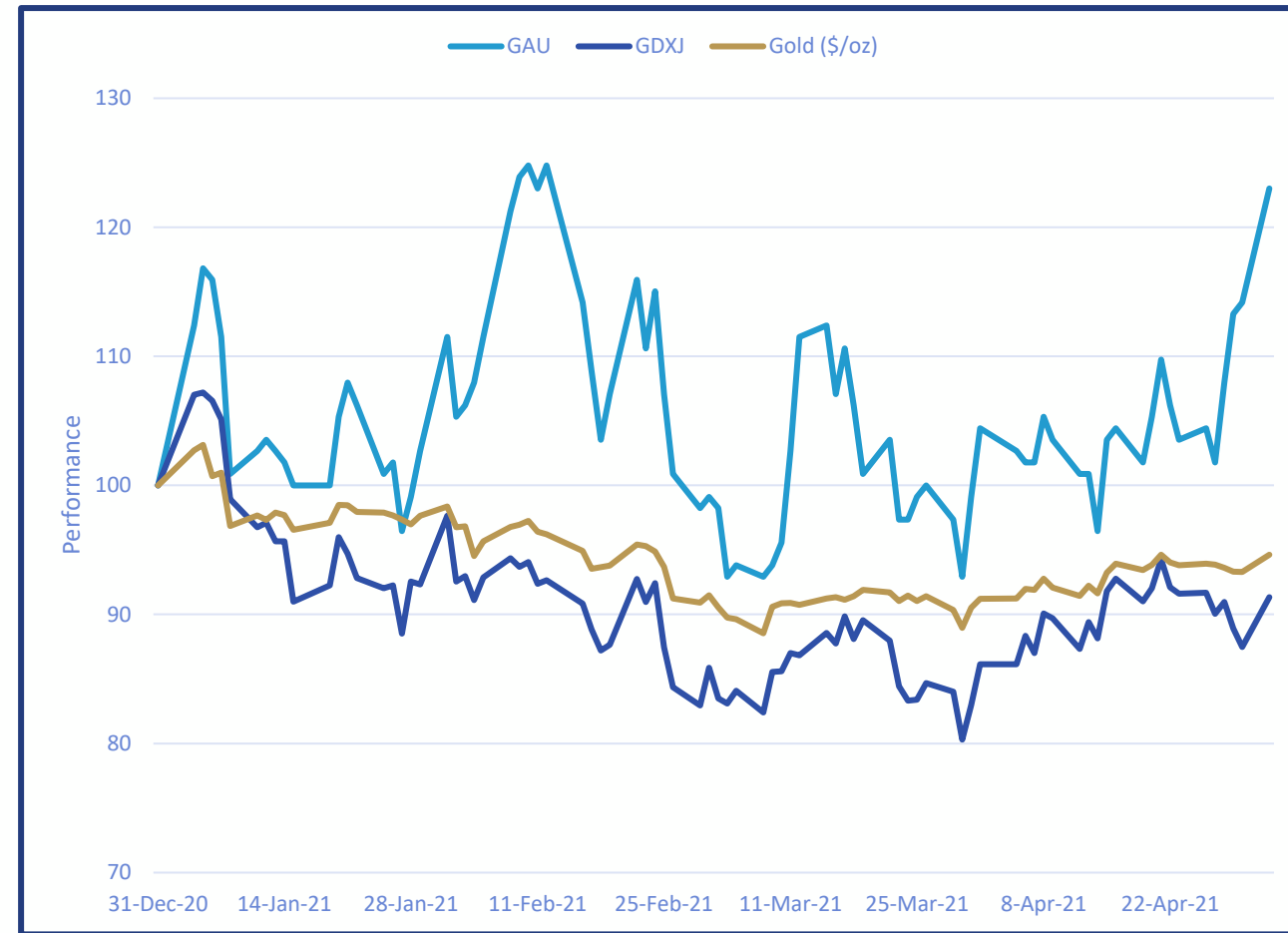
Strong corporate balance sheet:

- GAU cash and receivables \$65 million
- No debt

Improved liquidity:

- Trading over \$1.9 million per day on the NYSE
- Added to the GDXJ Index in Q1 rebalancing

Share Performance for 2021⁽¹⁾



(1) Source: NASDAQ, May 3, 2021
(2) Asanko Gold Mine on a 100% basis
(3) Refer to Appendix B for non-GAAP financial measures

ASUMURA – 100% GALIANO

Exploration Work Has Commenced on Asumura Property in Ghana

Located along the western boundary of the Sefwi greenstone belt

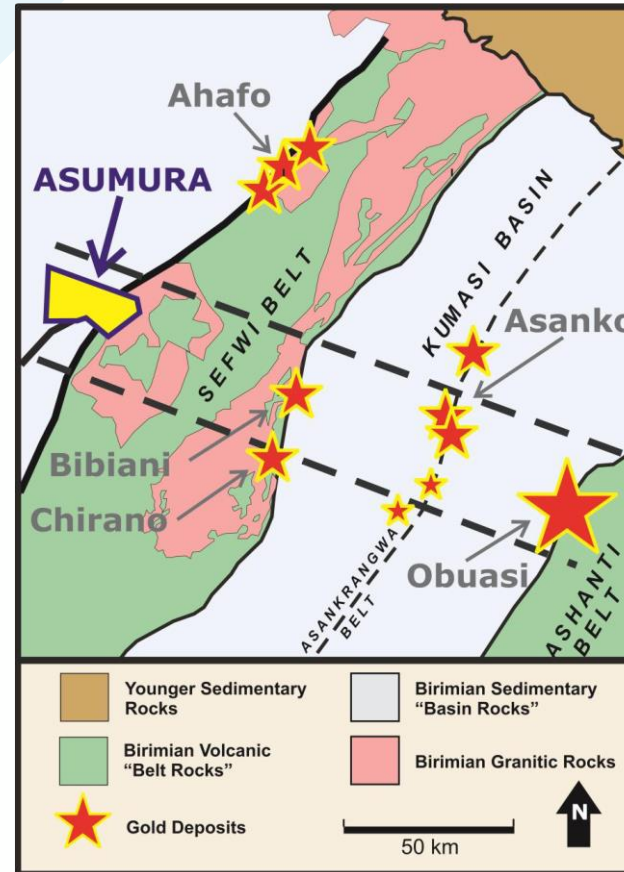
- Approximately 65 km southwest and along strike from Newmont's Ahafo mine

Soil sampling and geological mapping is currently underway

- Targeting follow up drilling later in 2021

Consists of the Asumura, Fosukrom and Pomaakrom concessions, totaling 247.0 km²:

- Asumura concession covers approximately 82.1 km², located on the western edge of the Ahafo Region
- Fosukrom concession covers approximately 62.2 km², located on the eastern edge of the Western North Region, within the Bia district.
- The Pomaakrom concession covers approximately 102.7 km² located in between the Asumura and Fosukrom concessions



Asumura Geology

- The Asumura concession covers the northwest margin of the Sefwi Belt.
- Gold mineralization in the Sefwi gold belt is associated with pyrite, arsenopyrite, graphite and quartz
- The area of interest is believed to be a belt type diorite.
- The concession area has north-easterly trending structures and cross structures similar to other locations in southern Ghana.



ABG MALI – 100% GALIANO¹

Acquired ABG Mali Properties from Barrick

Located on the Senegal Mali Shear Zone host to world class gold deposits, including:

- Loulo-Gounkoto and Fekola to the south
- Sadiola and Yatela to the north

Property covers over 167 km²

- Includes four exploration licenses

Review of historical work including previous drilling and six multi-km gold-in-soil trends is underway

- Soil sampling campaign and UAV borne geophysical surveys planned for 2021
- Drilling planned for 2022

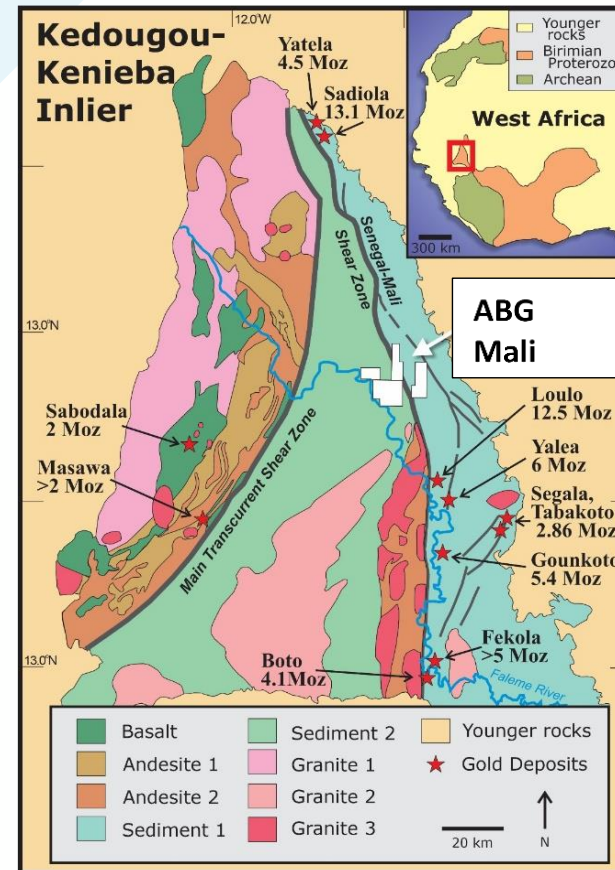


ABB Mali Geology

- The Senegal Mali Shear Zone is a major crustal scale terrane boundary that plays host to several established Gold deposits.
- Gold mineralisation along the structure is commonly associated with second and third order subsidiary shear zones
- Many such structures can be seen transgressing the ABG Mali property.

(1) Some ABG Mali concessions are 95% owned by Galiano, 5% by a local partner



Q1 2021– OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS AT THE ASANKO GOLD MINE (AGM)⁽¹⁾

- **Safety**

- No lost-time injuries (“LTI”) nor total recordable injuries (“TRI”).
- 12-month rolling LTI frequency rate and TRI frequency rate per million employee hours worked are 0.10 and 0.58, respectively. Well below industry averages.

- **Production and Sales**

- Produced 59,999 gold ounces.
- Sold 62,925 ounces of gold in Q1 2021 at an average realized gold price of \$1,757/oz for total gold revenue of \$110.6 million.

- **Mining**

- Mined 1.8Mt of ore, higher waste stripping of Esaase Main pit (strip ratio 5.2:1)
- Average gold grade mined of 1.3 g/t

- **Processing**

- Processing on plan at 1.4Mt at 1.4 g/t gold
- Gold recovery of 95%, well above design



(1) Asanko Gold Mine information presented on 100% basis, unless otherwise stated

STEADY PRODUCTION AT THE AGM⁽¹⁾

• Q1 2021:

- 62,925 oz of gold sold for total revenue of \$110.8M⁽³⁾
- Processed 1.4Mt of ore at 1.4 g/t gold
- 95% gold recovery
- Gold production 59,999 oz

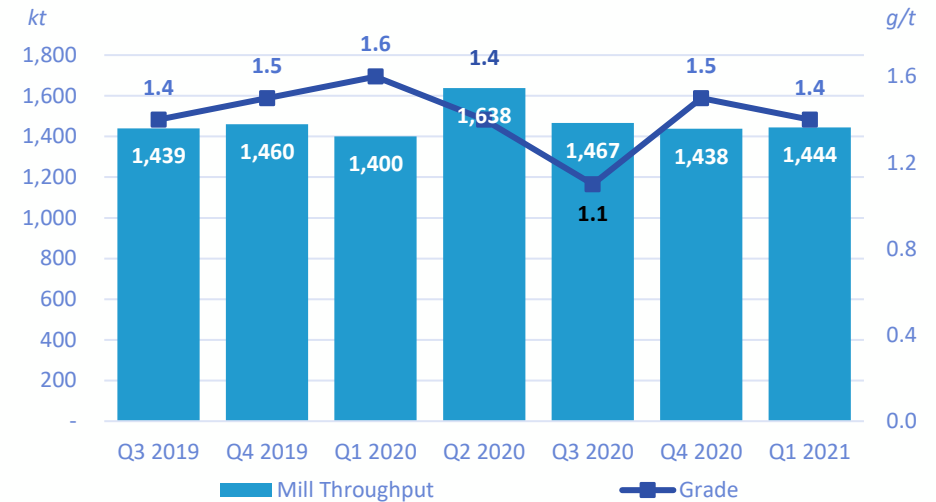
• On track for 2021 guidance:

- Production 225,000 – 245,000 oz
- AISC⁽²⁾: \$1,100/oz - \$1,300/oz
 - Includes \$60-80/oz of non-cash costs associated with processing stockpiled ore

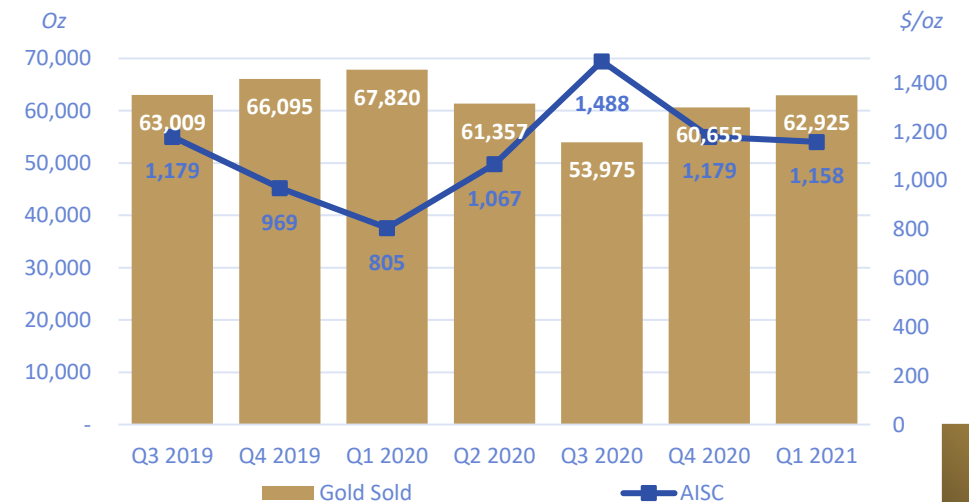
• Mineral Reserves and Resources Update

- 2020 drilling campaign designed to expand the resources of Akwasiso, Nkran, Abore and Miradani North
- Technical work at Esaase in order to improve the understanding of the mineralization
- An updated Mineral Resource and Reserve Estimate effective June 30, 2021 is expected to be released in Q3 2021

AGM JV (100%) – Mill Throughput and Grade



AGM JV (100%) - Gold Sales and AISC⁽²⁾



(1) Asanko Gold Mine Joint Venture information presented on 100% basis, unless otherwise stated
 (2) Refer to Appendix B for non-GAAP financial measures
 (3) Includes \$0.2 million in by-product revenue

STRONG CASHFLOW

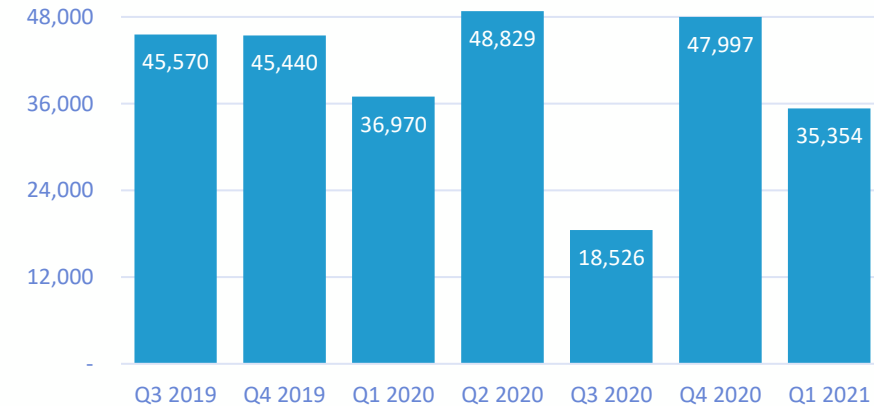
ASANKO GOLD MINE (AGM JV) (100%)

Strong Cash Flow Generation

- 2019: \$44M free cash flow⁽¹⁾
- 2020: \$70M free cash flow⁽¹⁾
- Q1 2021: \$20.5M free cash flow⁽¹⁾
- Distributing cash to JV Partners
 - H2 2019 = \$10M/quarter⁽³⁾
 - 2020 = \$18.75M/quarter⁽³⁾
 - Q1 2021 = \$10M

AGM JV (100%) – Cash Flow from Operations⁽²⁾

US\$ '000s



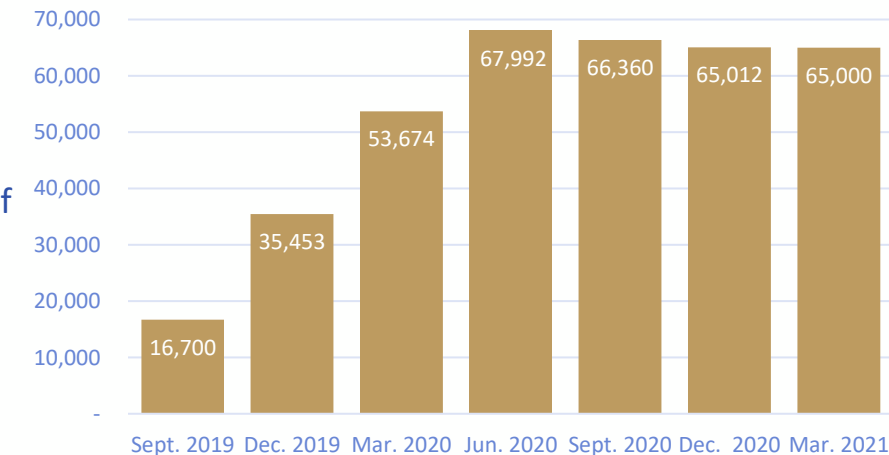
GALIANO GOLD

Well Positioned

- Strong balance sheet, debt free
- Q1 2021 earnings of \$13.0M or \$0.06/share
- Asumura and ABG Mali projects owned independently of the AGM

Galiano Cash & Receivable Balance⁽²⁾

US\$ '000s



(1) Refer to Appendix A for non-GAAP financial measures

(2) Unaudited cash and receivable balance as of Sep. 30, 2019, Mar. 31, 2020, Jun. 30, 2020, Sept. 30, 2020, and Mar 31, 2021

(3) 2019 distribution to JV partners of \$20M paid in Q4 2019, 2020 distribution of \$75M paid in Q1 2020

2020 EXPLORATION SUCCESS

- The AGM covers a 21,300-hectare land package
- Over 40,000 meters drilled in 2020, focusing on four targets

Abore, infill drilling focused in the main pit area, mineralization is open along strike.

Highlights:

Hole 029: 28m @ 4.9 g/t (from 75m)

Hole 024: 6m @ 24.3 g/t (from 70m)

Nkran Cut 3, in-pit drilling tested mineralization below Cut 3 shell.

Highlights:

Hole 012: 79m @ 4.7 g/t (from 1m) and 80m

@ 3.9 g/t (from 84m)

Hole 021: 43m @ 3.3 g/t (from 1m)

Akwasiso, drilling targeted extensions of the ore body to the north and south.

Highlights:

Hole 186: 22m @ 2.8 g/t gold (from 155m)

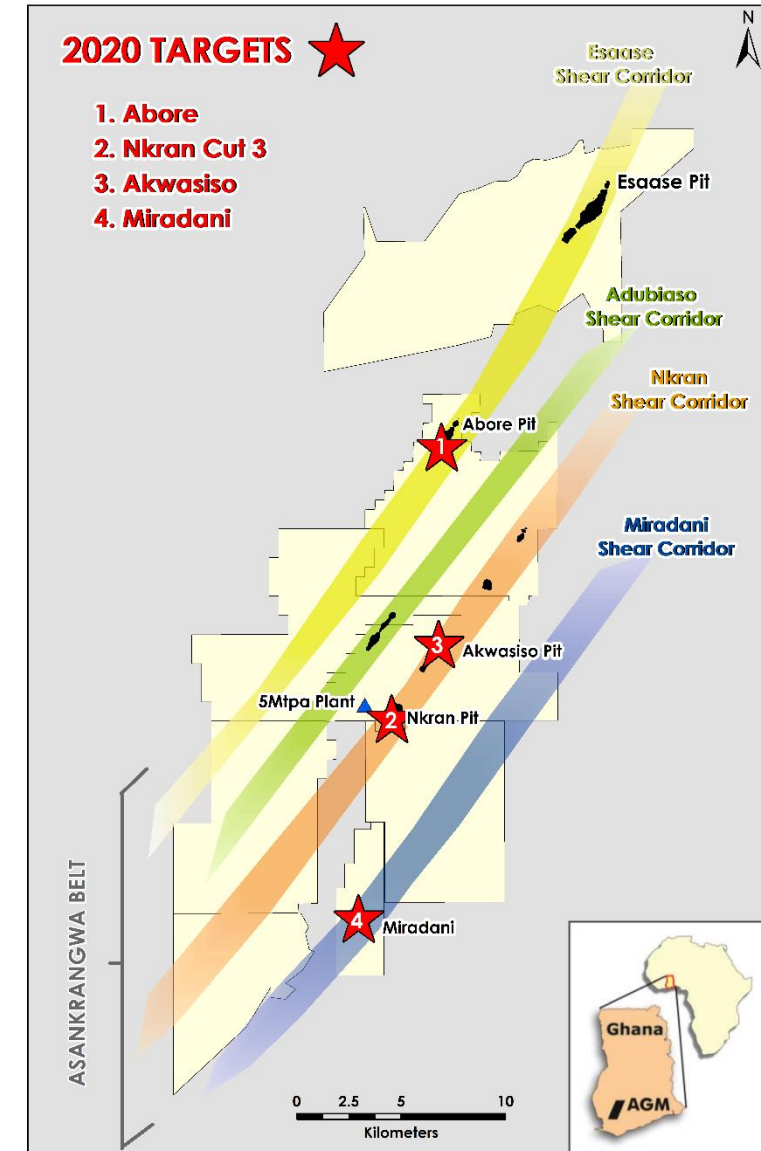
Hole 185: 13m @ 4.1 g/t gold (from 39m)

Miradani North, prospective target over a 400m x 150 m area of known mineralization.

Highlights:

Hole 024: 40m @ 2.1 g/t (from 86m)

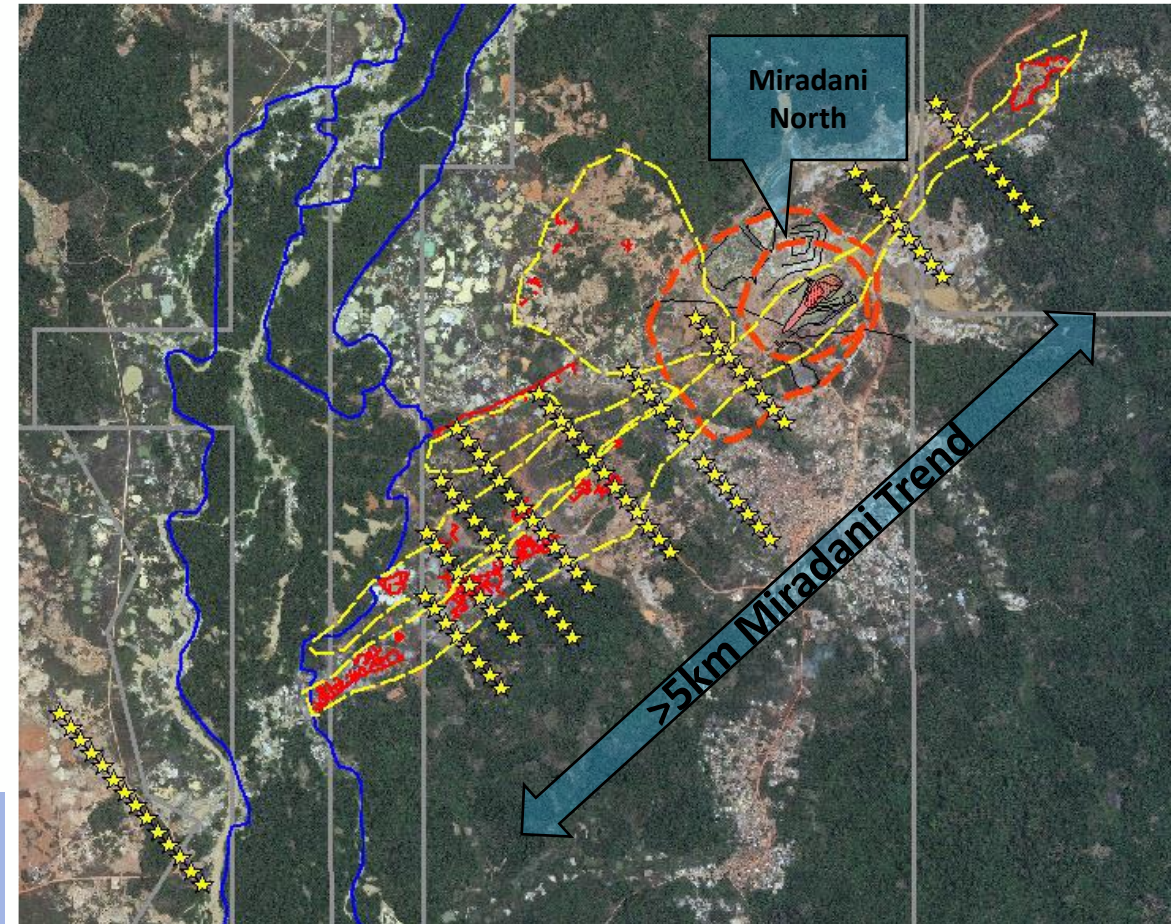
Hole 028: 19m @ 2.2 g/t (from 287m)



MIRADANI

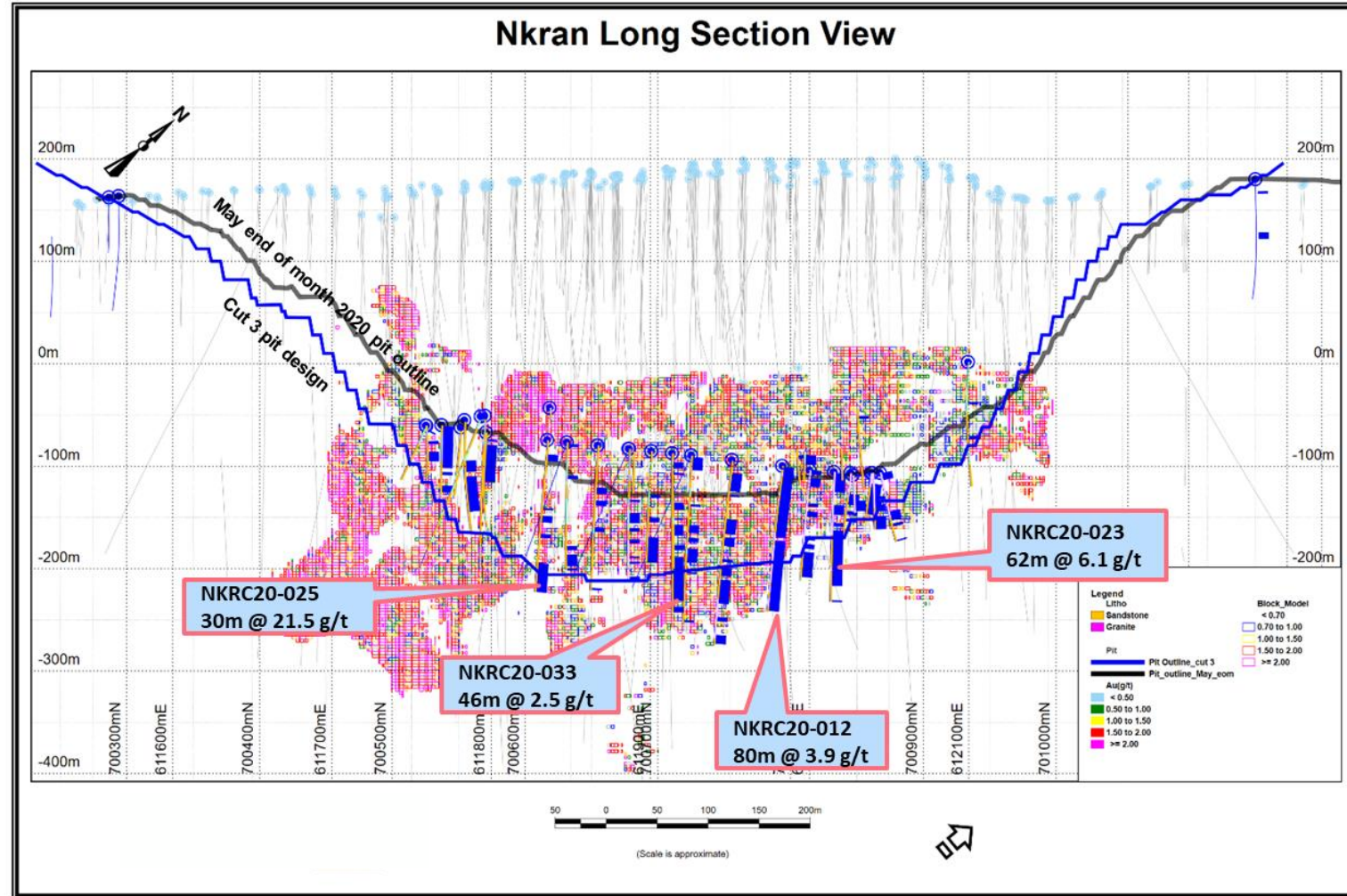
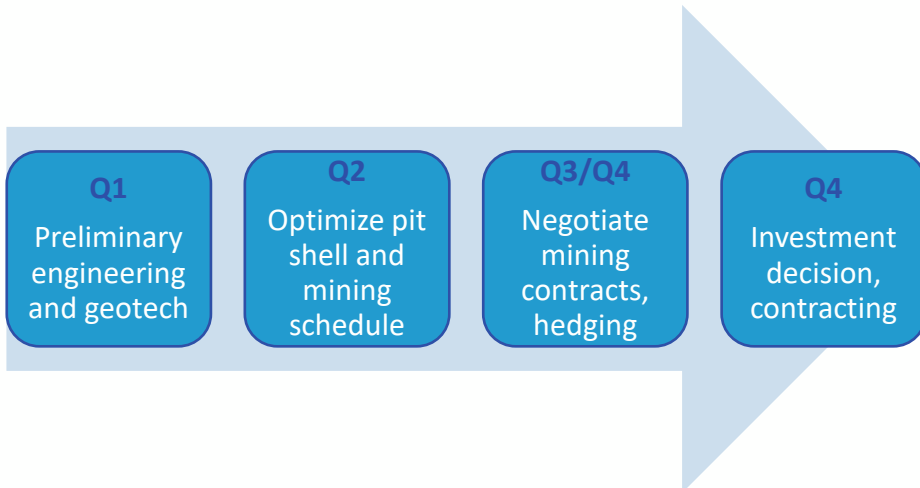
- Focus in 2020 on Miradani North:
 - 55 holes of over 16,000 meters of RC and diamond drilling
 - Infill drilling completed to 40 x 40m spacing
 - Maiden resource is expected in Q3 2021
 - Fully permitted, engineering underway to add to the mine plan in 2022/23
- 2021 program stepping out from Miradani North along 5 km trend
- Drilling program will include:
 - Widely spaced fences moving from the north to the south west
 - ~100 RC holes to 150m; heel-toe, spaced 80m on 400m – 500m lines
 - Maiden resource is expected in Q3 2021

The AGM plans to drill over 70,000m in 2021, including over 30,000m at Miradani



NKRAN CUT 3 – OPPORTUNITY

- Mining from Cut 2 finished in mid-2020, next phase of Nkran will be Cut 3
- Technical Report¹ envisioned commencement of stripping in late 2022
- Recent drilling success has shown significant intercepts below the previously proposed Nkran Cut 3 grade shell
 - Previously 9.1mt @ 1.68g/t for 491koz reserve¹
 - ~8,000 oz per vertical meter below proposed pit
- Opportunity to advance Cut 3 at Nkran to early 2022



(1) NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Asanko Gold Mine, Ghana (Amended and Restated), Effective Date Dec 31, 2019

SUMMARY – CREATING SHAREHOLDER VALUE



**Clear strategy
focused on
generating FCF and
maintaining solid
balance sheet**



**Exploration
opportunity on under-
explored
land package of over
21,000 ha**



**Cost reduction
underway to drive
costs down by
~\$100/oz**



**Refreshed brand,
Board and
Management**



**Building on a strong
ESG foundation**



APPENDICES



APPENDIX A: RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS CONDUCT



ENVIRONMENT

Limiting environmental impact and remediating any disturbances:

- Maximizing energy efficiency
- Tracking GHG emissions
- Minimizing water use
- Reducing waste



SOCIAL

Engaging with local communities to create self-sustaining legacies:

- Improving healthcare services
- Strengthening literacy
- Broadening access to finance
- Enhance local procurement plan
- Support community infrastructure



GOVERNANCE

Maintaining sound corporate governance and ethical business:

- Suite of ESG policies
- Human rights impact assessment
- Independent Tailings Review Panel
- Sustainability Committee

ICMM

International Council
on Mining & Metals

Health and safety
performance indicators



Performance Standards

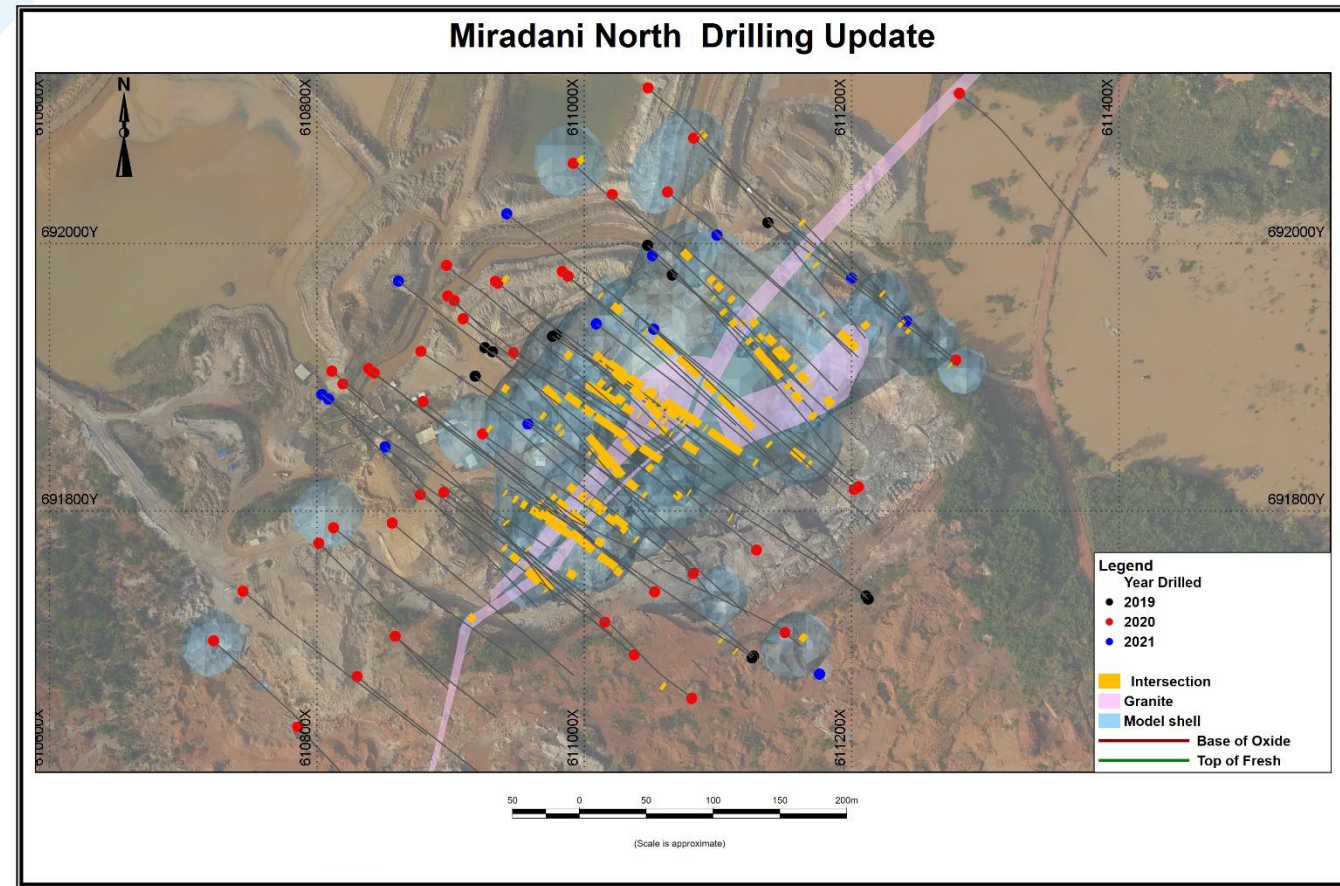


**THE GHANA
CHAMBER
OF MINES**
MINING COMPANY OF
THE YEAR 2018 & 2019



APPENDIX A: MIRADANI NORTH

- **2019 Drilling (April 2019 press release)**
 - Tested the target along a 320m strike length
 - Identified encouraging widths of mineralization
 - Hole 008: 74m @ 1.9 g/t (from 185m)
 - Hole 009: 57m @ 3.0 g/t (from 99m)
- **Phase 2 Drilling (November 2020 press release)**
 - Tested mineralization at nominal 80m intervals
 - Expanded understanding of intercepts hit in 2019
 - Hole 024: 40m @ 2.1 g/t (from 86m)
 - Hole 028: 19m @ 2.2g/t (from 287m)
- **Phase 3 Drilling (February 1, 2021 press release)**
 - Hole 032: 17m @ 6.3 g/t (from 342m)
 - Hole 039: 35m @ 2.1 g/t (from 85m)
- **Phase 3 Drilling (Feb 25, 2021 press release)**
 - Hole 049: 133m @ 1.44 g/t (from 189m)
 - Hole 052: 134m @ 1.62 g/t (from 117m)



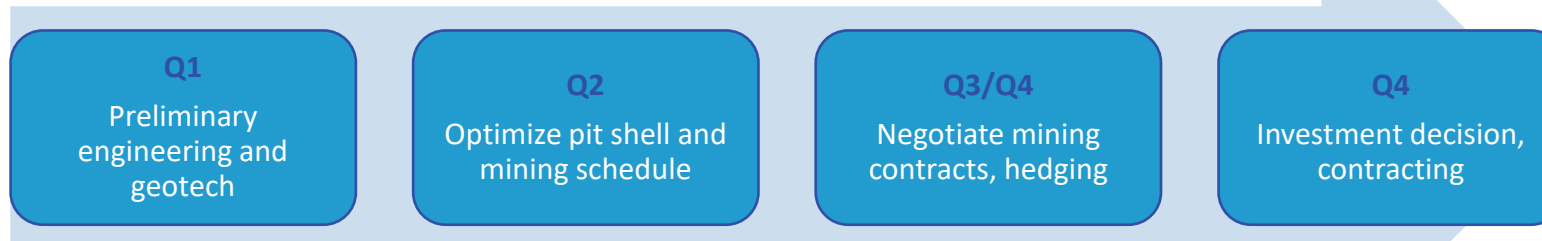
- **Miradani Trend is located 10km south of the AGM processing plant**



APPENDIX A: NKRAN CUT 3 – OVERVIEW

- **Nkran has been the main source of ore at the AGM since the start of operations**
 - Mining from Cut 2 finished in mid-2020, next phase of Nkran will be Cut 3
- **Technical Report¹ envisioned commencement of stripping in late 2022**
 - Contribution of ~\$145m (at \$1,400/oz gold)¹
 - 9.1mt @ 1.68g/t for 491koz reserve¹
 - Total production: ~460koz¹
 - Timeline to sustainable ore delivery: 30 months¹
 - ~\$200 million in stripping and establishment capital¹
- **Drilling success in 2020 supported a revaluation of the plan at Nkran Cut 3**
- **Opportunity to optimize Nkran Cut 3 and improve the economics relative to the Technical Report**
 - ~8,000 oz per vertical metre provides opportunity at depth
 - Technical Report based on legacy mining costs
 - Company well positioned to negotiate and deliver lower mining costs during the stripping and operational phases
 - Possible reduction in lead time to sustainable ore with bigger, dedicated earth moving equipment
 - Opportunity to secure higher metal prices relative to the 43-101

Proposed Project Timeline



(1) NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Asanko Gold Mine, Ghana (Amended and Restated), Effective Date Dec 31, 2019

APPENDIX B – Q1 2021 AND FY 2020 OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	Three months ended March 31		Year ended December 31	
Asanko Gold Mine (100% basis)	2021	2020	2020	2019
Ore mined ('000t)	1,841	1,911	6,193	5,071
Waste mined ('000t)	9,552	7,051	38,272	25,719
Total mined ('000t)	11,393	8,962	44,465	30,790
Strip ratio (W:O)	5.2	3.7	6.2	5.1
Average gold grade mined (g/t)	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.5
Mining cost (\$/t mined)	3.31	3.89	3.40	4.52
Ore transportation from Esaase ('000 t)	870	447	2,133	1,464
Ore transportation cost (\$/t trucked)	6.48	8.26	7.65	8.83
Ore milled ('000t)	1,444	1,400	5,943	5,498
Average mill head grade (g/t)	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.5
Average recovery rate (%)	95	94	94	94
Processing cost (\$/t treated)	10.31	11.13	10.51	10.91
Gold production (oz)	59,999	66,333	249,904	251,044
Gold sales (oz)	62,925	67,820	243,807	248,862
Average realized gold price (\$/oz)	1,757	1,542	1,711	1,376
Operating cash costs ^{1 2} (\$/oz)	901	599	803	776
Total cash costs ^{1 2} (\$/oz)	989	676	889	845
All-in sustaining costs ^{1 2} (\$/oz)	1,158	805	1,115	1,112
All-in sustaining margin ^{1 2} (\$/oz)	599	737	596	264
All-in sustaining margin ^{1 2} (\$m)	37.7	50.0	145.3	65.7
Revenue (\$m)	110.8	104.8	418.1	341.0
Income from mine operations (\$m)	35.9	48.4	147.9	29.2
Cash provided by operating activities (\$m)	35.4	37.0	152.3	120.4
Free cash flow ^{1 2} (\$m)	20.5	27.0	66.9	44.0

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2019, mining cost per tonne excluded a provision for a one-time contract termination fee.

(2) Refer to Appendix B for non-GAAP financial measures.



APPENDIX B - FOOTNOTES

Note 1: Guidance projections used in this document (“Guidance”) are considered “forward-looking statements” and represent management’s good faith estimates or expectations of future production results as of the date hereof. Guidance is based upon certain assumptions, including, but not limited to, metal prices, oil prices, certain exchange rates and other assumptions. Such assumptions may prove to be incorrect and actual results may differ materially from those anticipated. Consequently, Guidance cannot be guaranteed. As such, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance upon Guidance and forward-looking statements as there can be no assurance that the plans, assumptions or expectations upon which they are placed will occur.

Note 2: The Company has included certain non-GAAP performance measures throughout this presentation. These performance measures are employed by management to assess the Company’s and JV’s operating and financial performance and to assist in business decision-making. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, certain investors and other stakeholders use this information to evaluate the Company’s and JV’s operating and financial performance; however, as explained elsewhere herein, these non-GAAP performance measures do not have any standardized meaning. Accordingly, these performance measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

All-in sustaining costs: In June 2013, the World Gold Council (“WGC”), a non-regulatory association of many of the world’s leading gold mining companies established to promote the use of gold to industry, provided guidance for the calculation of “all-in sustaining costs per gold ounce” in an effort to encourage improved understanding and comparability of the total costs associated with mining an ounce of gold. The Company has adopted the reporting of “all-in sustaining costs per gold ounce”, which is a non-GAAP performance measure. The Company believes that the all-in sustaining costs per gold ounce measure provides additional insight into the costs of producing gold by capturing all of the expenditures required for the discovery, development and sustaining of gold production and allows the Company to assess its ability to support capital expenditures to sustain future production from the generation of operating cash flows. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, some investors use this information to evaluate the JV’s performance and ability to generate cash flow, disposition of which is subject to the terms of the JVA. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. Other companies may calculate all-in sustaining costs per ounce differently. The JV does not calculate this information for use by both JV partners, rather it is calculated by the Company solely for the Company’s own disclosure purposes. See below for reconciliations of AISC of the AGM to various operating expenses of the AGM on a 100% basis, as presented in the notes to the consolidated annual financial statements of the Company.

(in thousands of US dollars except per ounce amounts)	Year ended ⁽¹⁾				
	Dec. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	Dec. 31, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2016
Total cash costs	216,656	210,392	170,923	127,379	96,987
General & Administrative expenses – JV ⁽²⁾	7,072	6,341	8,609	11,117	8,844
Sustaining capital expenditures	13,971	6,442	3,892	8,447	3,727
Sustaining capitalized stripping costs ⁽³⁾	16,546	37,075	59,769	59,915	35,952
Reclamation cost accretion	550	903	888	650	124
Sustaining lease payments	16,344	13,705	-	-	-
Interest on lease liabilities	732	1,817	-	-	-
All-in sustaining cost	271,871	276,675	244,081	207,508	145,634
Gold ounces sold	243,807	248,862	227,772	206,079	147,950
All-in sustaining cost per gold ounce sold (\$/ounce) – JV	1,115	1,112	1,072	1,007	984
Average realized price per gold ounce sold (\$/ounce)	1,711	1,376	1,247	1,243	1,247
All-in sustaining margin (\$/ounce)	596	264	175	236	263
All-in sustaining margin	145,309	65,700	39,860	48,635	38,911



- (1) The AGM did not commence commercial production until April 1, 2016 and, therefore, all-in sustaining costs per gold ounce for the years ended December 31, 2020, December 31, 2019, December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 may not be comparable to the year ended December 31, 2016
- (2) Excluded from the G&A costs of the AGM is non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$362k for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019 - \$208k; 2018 - \$199k; 2017 - \$79k)
- (3) Excludes stripping costs on operating pits which have yet to achieve steady-state production

APPENDIX B – FOOTNOTES CONT'D

(in thousands of US dollars except per ounce amounts)	Three months ended ⁽¹⁾							
	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec.31, 2020	Sept. 30, 2020	Jun. 30, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	Sept. 30, 2019	Jun. 30, 2019
Total cash costs	62,210	54,128	67,133	49,536	45,859	57,044	54,920	48,042
General & Administrative expenses – JV ⁽¹⁾	2,944	1,345	2,223	1,744	1,760	1,333	2,135	1,471
Sustaining capital expenditures	1,378	2,427	3,562	7,043	939	1,253	728	4,028
Sustaining capitalized stripping costs	2,361	9,091	3,392	3,131	932	3,405	10,261	20,489
Reclamation cost accretion	322	174	126	114	13	272	201	212
Sustaining lease payments	3,571	4,253	3,708	3,691	4,692	436	5,479	3,654
Interest on lease liabilities	93	96	149	192	295	307	592	402
All-in sustaining cost	72,879	71,514	80,293	65,451	54,613	64,050	74,316	78,298
Gold ounces sold	62,925	60,655	53,975	61,357	67,820	66,095	63,009	66,337
All-in sustaining cost per gold ounce sold (\$/ounce) – JV	1,158	1,179	1,488	1,067	805	969	1,179	1,180
Average realized price per gold ounce sold (\$/ounce)	1,757	1,828	1,862	1,651	1,542	1,465	1,443	1,290
All-in sustaining margin (\$/ounce)	599	649	374	584	737	496	264	110
All-in sustaining margin	37,692	39,365	20,187	35,832	49,983	32,783	16,634	7,297

Free Cash Flow: The Company uses the financial measure Free Cash Flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, to supplement information in its consolidated annual financial statements. Free Cash Flow does not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore it may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The Company believes that in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, the Company and certain investors and analysts use this information to evaluate the JV's performance with respect to its operating cash flow capacity to meet non-discretionary outflows of cash. The presentation of Free Cash Flow is not meant to be a substitute for the cash flow information presented in accordance with IFRS, but rather should be evaluated in conjunction with such IFRS measures. Free Cash Flow is calculated as cash flows from operating activities of the JV adjusted for cash flows associated with sustaining and non-sustaining capital expenditures and payments made to mining contractors for leases capitalized under IFRS 16.

(1) Excluded from the G&A costs of the AGM is non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$61k for the three months ended Mar. 31, 2021 (Mar. 31, 2019 - \$16k, Jun. 30, 2019 - \$39k, Sept. 30, 2019 – \$75k, Dec. 31, 2019 - \$78k, Mar. 31, 2020 - \$84k, Jun. 30, 2020 - \$53k, Sept. 30, 2020 - \$142k, Dec. 31, 2020 - \$84k)



APPENDIX C – MINERAL RESOURCE & MINERAL RESERVE ESTIMATE

Mineral Resource Estimate as at December 31, 2019

Deposit	Measured			Indicated			Measured & Indicated Total			Inferred		
	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)
Nkran				8.5	2.14	586	8.5	2.14	586	-	-	-
Esaase				43.2	1.69	2,348	43.2	1.69	2,348	5.4	1.54	269
Akwasiso				2.8	1.82	165	2.8	1.82	165	0.4	2.16	29
Abore				4.7	1.46	221	4.7	1.46	221	0.9	1.69	48
Asuadai				1.3	1.32	55	1.3	1.32	55	0.0	1.24	2
Adubiaso				1.2	1.88	71	1.2	1.88	71	0.2	1.43	9
Stockpiles	2.3	0.76	57				2.3	0.76	57			
Total	2.3	0.76	57	61.7	1.74	3,447	64.1	1.70	3,504	7.0	1.59	357

Notes:

- Estimated Mineral Resources are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.5 g/t gold and assuming a gold price of US\$1,500/oz.
- Figures are rounded to the appropriate level of precision for the reporting of Mineral Resources.
- Due to rounding, some columns or rows may not compute as shown.
- Estimated Mineral Resources are stated as in situ dry metric tonnes.
- Estimated Mineral Resources are reported inclusive of Estimated Mineral Reserves. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including but not limited to those noted under Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements.
- The Nkran, Esaase and Akwasiso MREs have been prepared by CSA Global who are independent of the Company. The Abore, Asuadai and Adubiaso MREs have been prepared by the Company and reviewed and accepted by CSA Global.



APPENDIX C CONT'D – MINERAL RESOURCE & MINERAL RESERVE ESTIMATE

Mineral Reserve Estimate as at December 31, 2019

Deposit	Proven			Probable			Proven & Probable Total		
	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Content (koz)
Nkran				10.9	1.64	577	10.9	1.64	577
Esaase Main				29.1	1.33	1,245	29.1	1.33	1,245
Esaase South				4.5	1.44	210	4.5	1.44	210
Akwasiso				1.9	1.43	87	1.9	1.43	87
Abore				2.8	1.42	127	2.8	1.42	127
Adubiaso				0.8	1.51	38	0.8	1.51	38
Asuadai				1.0	1.12	37	1.0	1.12	37
Stockpiles	2.3	0.76	57				2.3	0.76	57
Total	2.3	0.76	57	51.1	1.41	2,320	53.4	1.38	2,377

Notes:

- Estimated Mineral Reserves are reported assuming a gold price of US\$1,300/oz.
- Estimated Mineral Reserves are defined within pit designs guided by pit shells derived from Whittle Four-X™ software (Whittle).
- Estimated Mineral Reserves are reported based on the maximum of: (a) the calculated marginal cut-off grades for each of the pits ranging between (0.38 - 0.71) g/t gold, and (b) 0.50 g/t gold.
- Figures are rounded to the appropriate level of precision for the reporting of Mineral Reserves. Due to rounding, some columns or rows may not compute as shown.
- Estimated Mineral Reserves are stated as in situ dry metric tonnes.
- The mine plan underpinning the estimated Mineral Reserves has been prepared by Snowden and reviewed and accepted by CSA Global. Both Snowden and CSA Global are independent of the Company.
- No Mineral Reserves have been estimated using estimated Inferred Mineral Resources. The estimate of Mineral Reserves may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including but not limited to those noted under Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements.

Qualified Person Statement

The scientific and technical contents in this presentation have been approved by Mr DM Begg, Pr.Sci.Nat., Senior Vice President Technical Services of Galiano Gold Inc., who is a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian National Instrument 43-101 (Standards of Mineral Disclosure). Mr. Begg is not independent of Galiano Gold Inc. The data verification processes applied for the purposes of this presentation are consistent with those described in the Company’s Amended and Restated Definitive Feasibility Study related to the AGM on June 9, 2017 (amended and restated on December 20, 2017).



APPENDIX C - CAUTIONARY NOTE

Cautionary Note to United States Investors Regarding Mineral Reporting Standards:

*As a British Columbia corporation and a "reporting issuer" under Canadian securities laws, the Company is required to provide disclosure regarding its mineral properties, including the AGM, in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). NI 43-101 is a rule developed by the Canadian Securities Administrators that establishes standards for all public disclosure an issuer makes of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects. In accordance with NI 43-101, the Company uses the terms mineral reserves and resources as they are defined in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards on mineral reserves and resources (the "**CIM Definition Standards**") adopted by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum. In particular, the terms "mineral reserve", "proven mineral reserve", "probable mineral reserve", "mineral resource", "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" used in this annual report and the documents incorporated by reference herein are Canadian mining terms defined in accordance with CIM Definition Standards. These definitions differ from the definitions in the disclosure requirements promulgated by the SEC. Accordingly, information contained in this press release may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies reporting pursuant to SEC disclosure requirements.*

United States investors are also cautioned that while the SEC will now recognize "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources", investors should not to assume that any part or all of the mineralization in these categories will ever be converted into a higher category of mineral resources or into mineral reserves. Mineralization described using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to their existence and feasibility than mineralization that has been characterized as reserves. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to assume that any "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", or "inferred mineral resources" that the Company reports are or will be economically or legally mineable.

Further, "inferred resources" have a greater amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to whether they can be mined legally or economically. Therefore, United States investors are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of the inferred resources exist. In accordance with Canadian rules, estimates of "inferred mineral resources" cannot form the basis of feasibility or other economic studies, except in limited circumstances where permitted under NI 43-101.



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